PATNA UNIVERSITY COMPUTER CENTRE

NEW ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDING PATNA UNIVERSITY MAIN OFFICE CAMPUS PATNA - 800 005 Ph. No. - 0612 - 2660191

> PGDCA (Vocational) Syllabus SEMESTER-I PAPER I

COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS

FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER

1. COMPUTER - A Definition Data Processing, Information

2. Basic Anatomy of Computers-Bits, bytes and words, Input, Output, CPU, Peripheral devices, Backing Storage. Input interface, Output interface.

 Classification of Computers-Micro, Mini, Super, Mainfrante. Digital, Analog, Hybrid.

on the basis of generation (component).

1 Companer Applications-In Hosiness & Industry, Science & Technology, Education, Health, Communication, Banking & other Public Services Peripheral Devices-

Input Device

keyboard, Mouse, Punch card, Joystick, Touch Panels, OMR, OCR, MICR, Image Scanners, Light Pen, Voice System Output Devices

Impact printers and Non-impact printers Character printers, line printers and page printers Dot Matrix, Daisy wheel, Thermal, Laser, Ink Jet, Drum Printer, Chain Printer

Plotters

Drum and Flat Bed Plotters

VDU

Visual Display Adapters

Secondury Storage Device

Magnetic Disk (Winchester and hard disks). Magnetic Tape, Floppy disk. Optical disk

6. Memory and register-

Primary memory, Secondary memory

RAM SRAM, DRAM

ROM PROM, EPROM, EEPROM, CDROM

ROM BIOS, Buses,

Registers- Program counter, Memory buffer register, Memory address register, Accumulator,

CACHE MEMORY

Computer Codes and Arithmetic –

Number system

1. Positional

Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal.

Non Position (Roman)
 Conversion of Decimal numbers in other systems and vice-versa. Binary Arithmetic – Addition, Subtraction (1's complement, 2's Basic Gates (OR, AND, NAND, NOT, XOR, NOR).

Types of processing –

- Batch processing 2. On-Line 3. Real-time
- 9. Introduction to -

OS, Utilities, Compilers/interpreters, Assemblers

Multiprogramming, Multitasking, Multiprocessor.

10. Networking -

Topologies (Bus, Star, Ring, Mixed), Advantages and Disadvantage of Networking, LAN, WAN

DOS

- Internal Commands
- External Commands

Directory Structure

File naming convention and valid characters for filenames

Internal Commands

CLS, DIR, COPY CON, TYPE, REN, COPY, DATE, TIME, DEL, MD, RD, CD, ERASE, PROMPT, ECHO, PATH, PAUSE, SET, VER, VOL. WILDCARD CHARACTERS * AND ?

(.) Current directory, (.) root directory

External Commands

FORMAT, CHKDSK, SCANDISK, DISKCOPY, SORT, FIND, ATTRIB, XCOPY, TREÉ, UNDELETE, EDIT, DELTREE, MOVE, DEFRAG, MORE Redirection, Executable files, Text files, Batch files

PAPER II

OFFICE AUTOMATION

WINDOWS GETTING STARTED

Starting Windows95
Tip of the day
Windows95 desktop and taskbar
Starting programs via the start menu
Double-clicking to start programs

Quitting programs

Shutting down and quitting windows

Running DOS programs

Startup group

WINDOWS BASICS

Parent and child windows, parts of a window

Opening, activating, hiding (minimizing), resizing,

scrolling, arranging and closing a window

Moving information from one window to another

HELP

Context Sensitive Help

Search for Help

WORKING WITH DISKS, FOLDERS, AND FILES

Disk icons and their windows

The Windows Explorer

Creating and naming new folders

Moving and copying folders and files

Deleting folders and files

Emptying the Recycle Bin Naming files

File types in windows95

Associating files

Renaming files

Formatting disks

Finding lost files IMPORTANT TECHIQUES AND TIMESAVERS

Moving or copying by dragging and dropping

Moving or copying by creating scraps

Shortcut icons

property settings

Object linking embeding

PERSONALIZING WINDOWS95

The welcome screen and tips

Adding programs to the start menu

Clock,calender, regional setting

Mouse behaviour and mouse property window

Desktop pattern and wallpaper

Windows colour scheme

Screen savers

ACCESSORIES

Ms Paint

Notepad

Calculator

WordPad

MS-EXCEL

GETTING STARTED

Excel Basics

Enter Data

Select Cells

Using AutoFill

Move through a Worksheet

Getting Help

SAVING AND OPENING WORKBOOKS

Save a Workbook

Close a Workbook

Exit Excel

Open a Workbook

Create a New Workbook

Switch Between Workbooks

EDITING WORKSHEETS

Edit Data

Clear Data

Undo Last Change

Move Data

Copy Data

Check Spelling

USING FORMULA AND FUNCTIONS

Formulas

Enter a Formula

Functions

Enter a Function

Add Numbers

Copy Formulas

WORKING WITH ROWS AND COLUMNS

Insert a Row Column

Delete a Row or Column

Ghange Column Width

Change Row Height

FORMATTING WORKSHEETS

Change Appearance of Numbers

Align Data

Center Data Across Column

Bold, Italic and Underline

Clear Formats

Change Fonts Add Borders

PRINTING WORKSHEETS

Preview a Worksheet Change a margins

Prints a Worksheet Add a Header or Footer

USING MULTIPLE WORKSHEETS

Switch Between Worksheets Copy or Move Data-Between Worksheets

CHARTING DATA

Create a Chart

Move a Chart

Size a Chart

Print a Chart

Change Chart Type

DATABASE MANAGEMENT

Goal seek

Data sort

Data filtering

Sub-totaling

Pivot table Scenario Manager

Introduction to macro

MS-POWER POINT

GETTING STARTED

Create new slide

Select slide

Enter data

Getting help

SAVING AND OPENING SLIDES

Save a new slide

Close a slide

Exit Power Point

EDITING SLIDES

Insert Slide

Delete Slide

Clear Slide

Duplicate slide

VEWING SLIDES

Normal view Outline view Slider sorter Slide Presentation

USING MULTIPLE SLIDES

Create new slide Insert time, data, page no. Copy slides from file Copy objects from WORD Copy graphs from EXCEL

FORMATING SLIDES

Change data alignment Change fonts Create bullets, numbers Create periods

SLIDE PRESENTATION

Presentation templates Change Wizards Change slide background Change Slide color

DRAWING SHAPES

Group slides

Rotate picture Change picture color Crop picture

MS-WORD

GETTING STARTED

Enter Text Move Through a Document Select Text Getting Help

EDITING DOCUMENTS

Insert Text
Delete Text
Réplace Selected Text
Undo Changes
Redo Changes
Change the Case of Text
Move Text

Copy Text Change Views

SMART EDITING

Find Text
Replace Text
Check Spelling
Using AutoCorrect
Using the Thesaurus
Check Grammar

SAVING AND OPPENING DOCUMENTS

Save a New document Close a Document Exit Word Open a Document

USING MULTIPLE DOCUMENTS

Create a New Document Arrange Open Documents Copy or Move Text Between Documents Maximize a Document Switch Between Documents

PRINTING DOCUMENTS

Preview a document Print a Document

FORMAT CHARACTERS

Bold, Underline and Italics Change Fonts Insert a Symbol

FORMAT PARAGRAPHS

Change Line Spacing
Change Paragraph Alignment
Display or Hide the Ruler
Change Tab Settings
Indent Paragraphs
Create Numbered and Bulleted Lists

FORMAT PAGES

Insert a Page Break Create a New Section Change Margins Add Headers or Footers Center a page

WORKING WITH TABLES

Create a Table
Type Text
Add a Row or Column
Delete a Row or Column
Format a Table

Books referred:

- 1. Windows95 for Busy People
 - Ron Mansfield
- 2. Easy Guide To Windows95
 - Alan Simpson
- 3. 'Microsoft Office Professional For Windows95

PAPER III PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES

- Programming Techniques
 Techniques of programming (flowchart, pseudocodes).
- 2. Introduction to 'C' Programming
 - Data Types In 'C'
 - Operators & Expressions
 - Control Flow
 - Functions & Program Structure
 - Arrays
 - Pointers
 - Structures and unions
 - Pointers to Structure
 - File Handling

Details Covered:

- 1. Programming Techniques
 - Data, Constants, Variables
 - Flowchart
 - Structured Flowcharts
 - Introduction To Pseudocode
 - Selection
 - Iteration
 - Modular Approach
 - Array
 - Sorting (LINEAR, BUBBLE)
 - Searching (SEQUENTIAL, BINARY)
 - Structured programming

2. 'C' Programming -

Features of 'C' language, character set, tokens, identifiers, keywords, constants, 10 variables, storage class (auto, static, register, extern)

Data types and sizes (char, int, float, shortint, long int, unsigned, double,

enumerated), Operations and expressions (Arithmetic, logical, relational, bit wise, compound, assignment, increment and decrement.

Header files, library files, preprocessor directives (#include, #define), linking 3.

and compilation process.

4. Control flow statements and blocks, if, if-else, nested if-else, goto switch, break, continue, while loop, do-while loop, for loop

5. Library Functions -

I/O functions:

getc(), putc(), getchar(), putchar(), gets(), scanf(), printf(), getch(), fflush().

String functions: strepy(), stremp(), streat(), strlen()

Charcter functions: isupper(), islower(), isalpha(),

isdigit(), ispunct(), isalnum(), isspace(), tolower(), toupper(),

Mathematical functions: abs(), atof (), rand () atio (), exp () call by reference), recursive function return data type, parameter passing (call by value, call by reference), recursive functions, storage class (local variables, global variables).

6. Arrays operations on arrays, single and multi dimensional arrays, passing array to function

Structure and unionstructure declaration and definition, accessing, nesting of structure, array of structure, structures and functions unions, difference between structure and

Pointer and its operator &, *, pointer arithmetic, pointers to constants, constant 8. pointers, array of pointers, pointer to function, pointer to structure.

Command line arguments *argv[] & argc | proceedings | Creation of Linked List, Traversing, printing and Deletion, 10.

Files opening modes, FILE, fread (), fopen (), fwrite (), feof (), fgetc (), fputc 11. (), fgets, fputs (), rewind (), fscanf (), fprintf (), fclose (), ftell (), fseek()

Books referred:

- 1. Ansi C
 - E. Balaguruswamy
- 2. Let us C
 - Yashwant Kanetar

PAPER IV

BUSINESS DATA PROCESSING:

INFORMATION & MANAGEMENT DATA PROCESSING METHODS

DATA INPUT METHODS

BUSINESS FILES: FIELDS AND RECORDS

FILE ORGANIZATION

OVERVIEW OF VARIOUS BUSINESS APPLICATIONS AND THEIR CHARACATERISTICS COBAL PROGRAMMING

Details Covered:

- Introduction to data processing, data collection, preparation, verification, editing and validation. Types of information, qualities of information, various ways of collecting information, Data input methods (on-line & off-line), Data processing methods (on-line & batch processing).
- Business files-Elements, Fields and Records. Classification of files: Master files, Transaction files, Work files, Audit files.
- File organization-serial file, Sequential file, Indexed sequential file, Direct or Random file, Hashing techniques for direct files, Addressing techniques.
- Overview of various Business Applications:
 Characteristics of business organisations, Use of computer in various areas of business: Sales control and accounting, Cost accounting, Inventory control, Payroll etc. COBOL Programming.
- Introduction to Cobol, Structure of a COBOL Program, DIVISIONS, SECTIONS, PARAGRAPHS etc.
 COBOL Character set, Digits, Letter & Special Characters Words, Literals, Figurative constants, Identifiers, PICTURE clause, edit characters (Z, *, +, -, CR, DB, / etc).
- 2. IDENTIFICATION DIVISION
- ENVIRONMENT DIVISION Configuration Section

Input-output Section

File-control

select - assign - organization - access

4: DATA DIVISION

File Section (Sequential, Line sequential & Indexed file)

Screen section

Working-Storage Section

Table Handling, Index Data Items

Condition Names Linkage Section

Other clauses like VALUE, USAGE, SIGN IS, BLANK WHEN ZERO, JUSTIFIED, REDEFINES, OCCURS.

Levels of data - 01 to 49, 77 & 88.

5. PROCEDURE DIVISION

6. Input/Output Statements

Data Movement

Arithmetic Operators

Computer Statement

CONTROL STATEMENTS:

PERFORM

IF and ELSE

SORT, MERGE and SEARCH

Interprogram Communication

CALL USING

Books referred:

- 1. Structured COBOL Programming
 - Stem & Stern
- 2. Cobol Programming
 - M.K. Roy & D. Ghosh Dastidar
- Analysis and Design Of Information System
 - V. Rajaraman
- 4. OLEVE (Module III)
 - System Design and Business Application
 - V.K.Jain

PAPER V

Programming Lab I

Writing 'C' program and COBOL program.
Using mail merge or any other tools of MS-WORD;
Creating charts or data handling in EXCEL;
Preparing slides and importing files like chart from EXCEL POWERPOINT etc.

SEMESTER- II PAPER VI ADVANCED TOPICS

VISUAL BASIC

Form and controls, Toolbox objects, System objects, Property, method, 1. event, statement.

Project window, Different files and their extensions, File commands, 2. Concept of focus, Caption, form name, border style, minbutton, maxbutton, control box, window state, back color, font properties, fore color, code window.

Text controls, container, buttons, scroll bars, adding control to a form and 3. setting its properties, event procedure for a control, naming conventions. coded statements and methods, print method, assigning text to a text box. multilane property, label auto size property, label wordwrap and borderstyle

property.

Design- and run-time properties to manipulate list and combo boxes :- list 4 box properties, combo box style properties, additem method, form-load () event, manipulating items in a list box and combo box, tab order, control option buttons with a frame, tabindex property, tabstop, enable or disable a control, menu bar, code for a menu control, scroll bar basics-scroll and change procedures.

Visual basic coordinate system, shape controls, manipulating shape controls 5. in design-time and run-time, image control and it's special properties, load

picture function.

Variables and constants :- types of variables and naming convention, option explicit, integer, long integer, single precision and double precision. currency. Boolean variables, fixed and variable length string variables. string concatenation, vartype, typename length string variables, string concatenation, vartype, type name, time date, now and datediff functions.

Math operators and formulas :- operators and operands, seven types of 7.

operators, val() and str functions

Defining variable and procedure scope:- dim, public, static keywork; local, 8. module and global scope. Load and show more than one form, load and show statement, benefits of sub main () code and standard module procedures, cell statement, adding own procedure.

Inputting values and printing results :- Inputbox function, Messagebox 9. function. Pop-up menu, formatting numbers, dates and time If-then-else

logic, And, Or, Xor, Not, Eqv, Imp logical Operators.

For-next loops and control arrays, Doevents and Exit For statements, Do-10. Loops, While-Loops, and Timer Control. The select-Case statement, Go To and GoSub..Return statements

List and arrays :- select an element from a list box, the selected property, 11. select an element from a combo box, select multiple items from a list, Dim and Radium statements. Ubound and Lbound functions. Declaring and

12

accessing arrays, Multi-dimensional Arrays, Tables, and the Grid control:-Design a multicolumn list, use the grid control, User-defined type.

Numeric functions and String functions. 12.

PAPER VII

SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

Features of structured systems analysis and design. Different stages of the system life cycle and the forms generated at each level-conception, initiation, analysis, design, construction (project request form, system proposal, functional specifications, information requirement table) system acceptance criteria, role of the systems analyst.

Context Analysis diagram

Data flow diagram

External entity, data flow, data store, process

Data dictionary and its organization

Data structure, data element, data flows, data stores & process (decision tree, decision table, structured English)

Levelled data flow diagrams.

Balancing of levelled DFD'S, local data stores, current physical DFD, Current logical DFD, proposed logical DFD, proposed physical DFD, Automation boundary Normalization - 1st, 2nd & 3rd normal form.

Structured charts

Couples:

Data coupling, control coupling, stamp coupling, common coupling, Content coupling.

Cohesion:

functional cohesion, sequential cohesion, communicational chhesion, temporal cohesion, procedural cohesion, logical cohesion Transform analysis & transaction analysis Factoring, span of control, system shape, scope of effect, scope of control, scope of effect, scope of control conflicts System packaging & the factors considered while packaging - batch / on-line boundaries, frequency boundaries, output requirements, safety and defensive requirements, two-in-one reports, library routines, interfaces, menus Need for different controls in handling errors-control totals, hash totals

Handling erroneous data-

screen design as a means of reducing errors, coding scheme-serial, block serial, hierarchical Storage media considerations Parameters considered for deciding upon a language volume of data, complexity of processing, compatibility with other systems, development effort Implementation-methods used and difficulties faced during implementation.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

Introduction to DBMS:

Purpose of Database Systems

Data abstraction

Data Models

Instances and Schemas

Data Independence

Data Definition Language

Data Manipulation Language

Database Manager

Database Administrator

Database Users

Overall System Structure

Basic concepts of

Relational Model

Network Model

Heirarchical Model

Programming in Fox Pro:

- Introduction to FoxPro
- Commands
- Memory Variables in FoxPro
- Programming Structures
- Indexing
- File Updation Programs
- Procedures
- Reports
- FoxPro Report Writer
- multiple File Handling
- Windows and Menus
- Popups
- Trapping Keys
- Memo Field Handling
- UDF's

Details covered in FoxPro:

Tables, Catalog manager, Menu Options, Command Window, CREATE, USE, CLOSE DATA, CLOSE ALL, LIST, APPEND, APPEND BLANK, CHANGE, BROWSE, GOTO, DELETE, RECALL, PACK, ZAP, Changing Fonts, Modify Structure, Index files, IDX, CDX, SET INDEX TO, SET ORDER TO, LIST FOR/WHILE, Relational & Logical Operators, Indexing, Sorting,?, Upper(), Substrata() Memory Variables, STORE, Assignment Statement, Arithmetic Operators, Input Out in FoxPro. Picture Templates & Functions.

Writing Programs: MODIFY COMMAND, DISPLAY MEMORY, DISPLAY STRUCTURE, SPACE (N), Field Type Conversion, SET DATE BRITISH.

Simple Programs of IF...ELSE...ENDIF and CASE... ENDCASE, DO...WHILE, FOR... ENDFOR. Drawing Lines & Boxes. @.. TO, @CLEAR TO, EXIT, Validating Input: VALID, RANGE, WHEN, ERROR, DEAFAULT, MESSAGE. SET MESSAGE TO, Trapping keys, READKEY, SEEK, LOCATE...CONTINUE, FIND, REPLACE, COPY STRUCTURE TO, COPY TO DELIMITED/SDF, COPY FILE ... TO ..., SET SAFETY OFF, EMPTY (), CLEAR GETS.

Addițion, Modification, Deletion in a database using programs. Procedures, Usage of Procedures in a records deletion program.

SET DELETED ON, SET ESCAPE OFF, DELETED

Mathematical Commands and Functions:

SET DECIMAL TO, SQRT(), LOG, LOG10, INT, FLOOR(), CEILING, ABS(), ROUND(), MIN(), MAX(), BETWEEN(), MOD(), EXP(n), SIGN(), LEN(), LEN(), SUM, AVERAGE, COUNT, RECNO(), RECCOUNT(), CALCULATE, SET PROCEDURE TO, SUSPEND, RESUME, PUBLIC, PRIVATE, CLEARALL, CLEAR MEMORY, Passing information to called Procedures.

String Functions:

LEFT(), RIGHT(), STRTRAN(), STUFF, REPLICATE, LTRIM(), RTRIM(), ALLTRIM(), SUBSTR(), ISUPPER(), ISLOWER(), ISALPHA(), ISDIGIT(), LOWR(), UPPER(), AT(), ATC(), STR().

Arrays, COPY TO, APPEND FROM, SCATTER TO, GATHER FROM.

CHANGE/EDIT with Options.

REPORTS: SCAN... ENDSCAN, ?, ??, System Memory Variables: PLENGTH, PLINENO,

ALIGNMENT, PCOLNO, WRAP, LMARGIN, RMARGIN. ON PAGE AT LINE, PRINT JOB... ENDPRINT JOB Control. Break Programs, Multiple file handling, SELECT,->... SET RELATION TO, CLOSE ALL, SET SKIP TO.

POPUPS: DEFINE POPUP, DEFINE BAR, ON SELECTION POPUP, ON SELECTION BAR, BAR, BAR(), PROMPT(), DEACTIVATE POPUP, HIDE POPUP, SHOW POPUP, RELEASE POPUP, ON PAD.

\$ Operator, MODIFY MEMO, CLOSE MEMO, ON KEY LABEL, SET MEMO WIDTH TO, MEMLINES(), MLINE(), ATLINE(), ATCLINE(), APPEND MEMO, COPY MEMO.

CREATE REPORT, MODIFY REPORT, REPORT FORM, Using the report builder tool, Using the Report Wizard, SYS(1), SYS(3), SYS(9), SYS(13), SYS(2017), GETFILE(), UDF'S, Macro Substitution.

Using the Screen Builder Tool Using RQBE in FoxPro.

PAPER IX OPERATING SYSTEM

OPERATING SYSTEM

Introduction to various categories of software
Various components of operating system
Device management. Introduction to memory management techniques.
Process Management.

UNIX

- -UNIX as a MULTIUSER, MULTITASKING OS
- Time Sharing (a review)
- UNIX Kernel & Shell (Functions)
 - -The DIRECTORY STRUCTRE (inodes)
 - The UNIX File
 - Basic Commands such as -
 - Is (with options), cp, mv, cat, sort, cd, mkdir, rmdir, rm, banner, dte/time, pwd, chmod, ps, kill, and other basic commands
 - The UNIX Editor (vi commands)
 - Other Commands (Wall, Who, Write etc.)
 - Grep
 - Shell Programming
 - Redirection
 - Pipes & Filters

Details Covered:

OPERATING SYSTEM

- Introduction to Operating system Various categories of software, Different functions of Operating System, Types of Operating system (Simple batch system, multiprogrammed batched system, Time sharing System, Real Time System, Network System), Components of Operating System.
- Process Management Process Concepts, Process Scheduling, Scheduling Criteria Scheduling and Evaluation, Algorithms (First Come First Served, Shortest Job First, Remaining Time, Priority Scheduling, Round Robin, Multilevel Feedback Queue Scheduling), Deadlocks, its prevention, detection and avoidance.
- Memory Management Swapping, Contiguous Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging.

 Virtual Memory – Demand Paging, Performance of Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocations of frames

5. Secondary Storage Structures- Disk Structure, Disk scheduling, Disk

Management, Swap-space Management.

 Input/Output Management- I/O Hardware (Polling, Interrupts, Direct Memory Access), Application I/O Interface.

UNIX

Introduction to UNIX

History of UNIX, Features, Structure, Booting process, UNIX File System (etc., bin, dev, usr, lib, tmp) Pathnames (relative & absolute, single dot, double dot), Redirection symbols & pipe, Type of files (ordinary, special – blick special and character special, and directory files) File system components-boot block, super block, ilist, data block, i-number, wild card characters (*,?,[a...z]) Standard files – stderr, stdin, stdout.

Environment variables - HOME, PATH, PATH, MAIL, TERM, IFS, LOGNAME, PSI,

Files opened by UNIX - stdin(0), stdout(1), stderr(2)

UNIX Commands

Is [optins-a,d,F,i,I,R,t,u,x] [files..] wild card characters *, ?, [a..z] eat, cd, cd.., cd/, mkdir, rmdir, rm [options -i, r][files..], cat, tee, date [m, h, a, D, x, d, H, M, S], banner, passwd, pwd. echo, who [options - H,u], In tput [clear, cup, smso, rmso], mkdir, cd, rmdir, comm, diff, emp, chmod, chgrp, chown Redirection symbols & pipes (<,>,>>,|) cp [options-i,r][files..], tee, In, mv, we [options-I,w,c] [files..], grep [options-c,i,i,n,v] ' cut, paste, head, tail passd, pg, more, sleep, sort, find mail, write, mesg, wall, talk pack, unpack, pcat, split, Ip [-d.-t], cancel <print job nuber>, pr, ps [options-a,e,u], kill [-9] <pid>.

vi ddition

Modes of vi – command mode 7 edit mode.
vi +n file, vi +/pattern file, vi –R filename
Exiting – ZZ, :wq,:q!,:q.:x
Window movement-^d, ^u, ^f, ^b, z., zText entry –a, i, o, A, O, |
Cursor movement - |, k, j, h, ^, \$, [n]b,[n]e,[n]e, (,) {,}. nG, return, H, M,L
Deletion of text – [n]x, [n] X, [n]r, R, [n]s, d\$, d^

undo- u & U, redraw screen - ^|
Pattern searching -/pattern, ?pattern, ?pattern, ?pattern\$,
?^pattern, ?pattern\$,/.?,n, N
Rearranging text - J,P,p
Operators- d, c, y (dd,dw, d\$,d^,cw, c\$,cc,yy,yw, y\$) [n] dd, [n]yy, ecvi options
- :set, :set all, ai, ic, nu, eb, wm, showmode, lines, columns, tabstops
Last line commands contd...
:w <filename>, :w! <!filename>, :w, :r <filname, :! <command>

PROGRAMMING THE BOURNE SHELL

echo, /c, /t, /n, read <variable>, expr Executing a shell script test <expression>, [expression] files:-r,w,x,f,d,e,s String:-z,n,s 1=s2,s1=s2 numerics:-n1 [opt] n2 opt:-gt,-eg,-ne,-ge,-le,-a,-o,!

Programming constructs:
if.. then..fi, if...then.. elif..else...fi,
case...esac, while...do...doen. until... do... done, for...do... done.
\$#, \$*, \$\$, \$!, \$?, \$@

Books Referred:

-UNIX Concepts and Applications by Sumitabha Das - Operating System by Silberchatz

PAPER X

Practical exam based o paper VI, VIII &IX. Viva based on the project work.